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AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend Paragraphs [0001], [0007], [0009] and [0130] of the specification as follows:

This application is a continuation-in-part of copending Application Serial No. 09/836,884, filed April 17, 2001 (now U.S. Patent No. 6,825,068), and claiming benefit of Application Serial No. 60/197,731, filed April 18, 2000. This application also claims benefit of Application Serial No. 60/319,732, filed November 26, 2002 and Application Serial No. 60/481,396, filed September 18, 2003. The entire contents of these three applications are herein incorporated by reference. The entire contents of all U.S. patents and applications mentioned below are also herein incorporated by reference.

[0007] Another type of electro-optic medium uses an electrochromic medium, for example an electrochromic medium in the form of a nanochromic film comprising an electrode formed at least in part from a semi-conducting metal oxide and a plurality of dye molecules capable of reversible color change attached to the electrode; see, for example O'Regan, B., et al., Nature 1991, 353, 737; and Wood, D., Information Display, 18(3), 24 (March 2002). See also Bach, U., et al., Adv. Mater., 2002, 14(11), 845. Nanochromic films of this type are also described, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 6,301,038, International Application Publication No. WO 01/27690, and in copending Application Serial No. 10/249,128, filed March 18, 2003 (Publication No. 2003/0214695).

Numerous patents and applications assigned to or in the names of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and E Ink Corporation have recently been published describing encapsulated electrophoretic media. Such encapsulated media comprise numerous small capsules, each of which itself comprises an internal phase containing electrophoretically-mobile particles suspended in a liquid suspension medium, and a capsule wall surrounding the internal phase. Typically, the capsules are themselves held within a polymeric binder to form a coherent layer positioned between two electrodes. Encapsulated media of this type are described, for example, in U.S. Patents

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Nos. 5,930,026; 5,961,804; 6,017,584; 6,067,185; 6,118,426; 6,120,588; 6,120,839; 6,130,773; 6,130,774; 6,172,798; 6,177,921; 6,124,851; 6,232,950; [[6,249,721]] [6,249,271; [6,252,564; [6,262,706; [6,262,833; [6,300,932; [6,312,304;6,312,971; 6,323,989; 6,327,072; 6,376,828; 6,377,387; 6,392,785; 6,392,786; 6,413,790; 6,422,687; 6,445,374; 6,445,489; 6,459,418; 6,473,072; 6,480,182; 6,498,114; 6,504,524; 6,506,438; 6,512,354; 6,515,649; 6,518,949; 6,521,489; 6,531,997; 6,535,197; 6,538,801; 6,545,291; 6,580,545; and 6,639,578; and U.S. Patent Applications Publication Nos. 2002/0053900; 2002/0019081; 2002/0021270; 2002/0060321; 2002/0063661; 2002/0106847; 2002/0113770; 2002/0130832; 2002/0063677; 2002/0090980; 2002/0171910; 2002/0180687; 2002/0180688; 2002/0131147; 2002/0145792; 2003/0011560; 2003/0011867; 2003/0011868; 2003/0020844; 2002/0185378; 2003/0076573; 2003/0053189; 2003/0025855; 2003/0034949; 2003/0038755; 2003/0096113; 2003/0102858; 2003/0132908; 2003/0137521; 2003/0137717; and [[2003/01151702]]2003/0151702; and International Applications Publication Nos. WO 99/67678; WO 00/05704; WO 00/38000; WO 00/38001; WO 00/36560; WO 00/67110; WO 00/67327; WO 01/07961; and WO 01/08241.

The laminate used in this process may be prepared by removing the release sheet from a "front plane laminate" as described in copending Application Serial No. 10/249,957, filed May 22, 2003 (Publication No. 2004/0027327). Alternatively, in accordance with the second 1D-curved process of the present invention, this process may be modified to use a "double release film" as described in copending Application Serial No. 10/605,024, filed September 2, 2003 (Publication No. 2004/0155857). Such a double release film comprises a layer of a solid electro-optic medium ("solid" in the sense of having solid external surfaces, although it may contain liquid or gas-filled internal cavities) with adhesive layers on both sides; either or both of these adhesive layers may be covered by a release sheet. To use such a double release film in the process, one adhesive layer is exposed and the double release sheet is laminated to the backplane in the manner already described. The second adhesive layer is then exposed, and an

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electrically-conductive layer (typically covered by a protective and/or filter layer) is laminated over the layer of electro-optic medium in a second lamination step.